

A Mindful Approach to Improving Work Performance Among College Students

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Mental health issues are on the rise on college campuses.

22% of college students were diagnosed with anxiety over the past year, and the rate for depression rose from 10% to
17% in the same span. 5





• Many students are forced to work in paid employment to help pay for tuition and living expenses.

- 85% of students work in paid employment while also being enrolled in undergraduate and postgraduate programs. ⁶
- Students must juggle multiple roles which can increase the amount of pressure and stress they are under.

Purpose of the study

- Examine if <u>mindfulness</u> can help working college students <u>manage</u> symptoms of stress and negative psychological emotions while also improving work-related <u>productivity.</u>
- Specifically, we examined whether <u>higher levels of mindfulness</u> use are associated with <u>lower levels of negative affect</u>, which in turn would be associated with <u>higher levels of work-related productivity</u>.







What is Mindfulness?

Mindfulness has its roots in Eastern spiritual, especially Buddhist traditions and has been defined as a state of being in which individuals bring their **attention to the** experiences occurring in the **present moment**, in a nonjudgmental and accepting way. ²

PATH A - Benefits of Mindfulness

- 4 weeks produced changes in stress response.²
- A simple, cost-effective tool for college students that does not require a lot of time to practice.²
- Helps prevent burnout for employees working in emotionally exhausting jobs.⁴
- Employees report better psychological mood and physical well-being.⁴

Path B - Work-related Outcomes

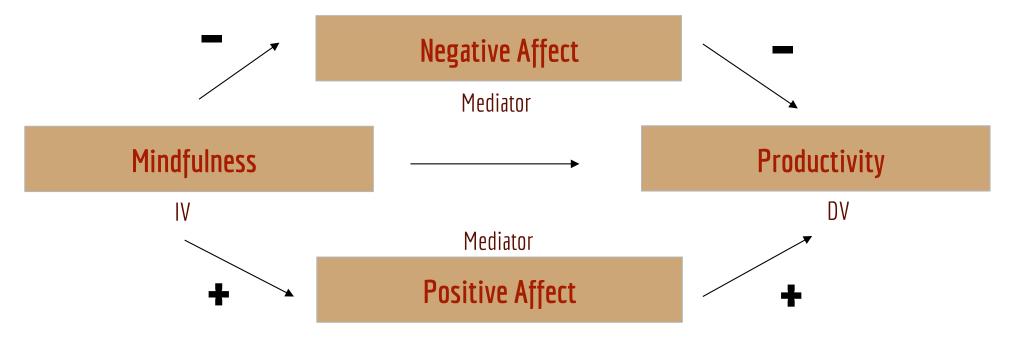
- Job performance is higher when employees are physically and emotionally capable of working.³
- Productivity loss is greater in individuals who suffer with stress.³
- Higher levels of health risks are strongly associated with greater loss in work productivity. ³
- 41 minutes of absence and 2 hours and 29 minutes of job impairment lead to loss of work performance.³

Research Questions

Do students who practice mindfulness experience health benefits (reduction in stress, anxiety, depression) compared to individuals who do not practice mindfulness?

a. How do these health benefits affect their work lives? (i.e. productivity)

H1: Higher levels of mindfulness use would be associated with lower levels of Negative Affect and lower levels of Negative Affect would be associated with higher levels of productivity.



H2: Higher levels of mindfulness use would be associated with higher levels of Positive Affect and higher levels of Positive Affect would be associated with higher levels of productivity.

METHODOLOGY

| Participants | N = 113 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| SEX | Male = 31 Female = 148 |
| RACE | Predominantly Hispanic, 69.1% |
| AGE | M = 20.45, SD = 3.83 |
| ANALYTIC APPROACH | PARALLEL MEDIATION ANALYSIS |
| RECRUITMENT | SOCIAL MEDIA, PSY 101 COURSES |
| PROCEDURE | SURVEYMONKEY |

Measures

PANAS - Positive and Negative Affect Schedule

Indicate the extent you have felt this way over the past week:

Distressed - Negative Affect

Interested - Positive Affect

EWPS - Endicott Work Productivity Scale

During the past week, how frequently did you:

Find yourself daydreaming, worrying, or staring into space when you should be working?

Mindfulness Item

Do you practice mindfulness? → Yes/No

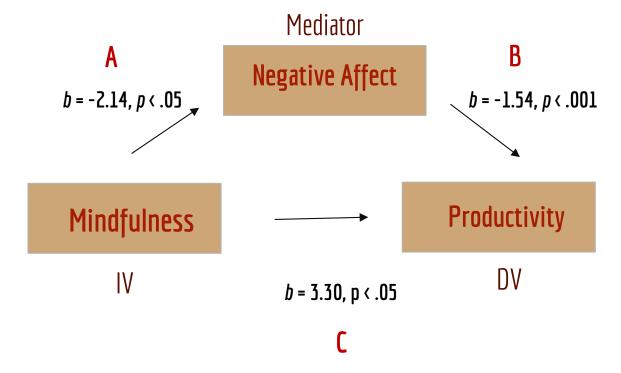
RESULTS - NEGATIVE AFFECT

PATH A: (SIGNIFICANT)

PATH B: (SIGNIFICANT)

PATH C: (NOT SIGNIFICANT)

INDIRECT EFFECT : (SIGNIFICANT)



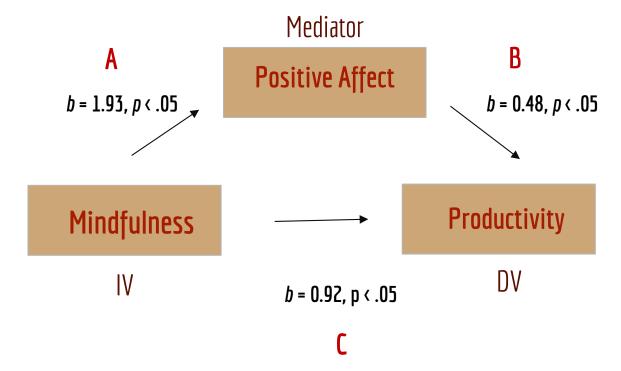
RESULTS - POSITIVE AFFECT

PATH A: (SIGNIFICANT)

PATH B: (SIGNIFICANT)

PATH C: (NOT SIGNIFICANT)

INDIRECT EFFECT : (SIGNIFICANT)



Discussion

Negative Affect:

A statistically significant indirect effect was observed as hypothesized, higher mindfulness use was associated with lower negative affect, which was associated with higher productivity.

Positive Affect:

A statistically significant indirect effect was observed as hypothesized, higher mindfulness use was associated with higher positive affect, which was associated with higher productivity.

 Mindfulness-based practices may be associated with work productivity by modulating individual's level of affect.

Implications

- This research offers a better understanding of the effects mindfulness may have in increasing worker productivity through changes in psychological affect, specifically among student workers.
- Teaching students simple, easy-to-learn mindfulness techniques can offer a costeffective and convenient way for students to cope.
 - Deep breathing, mindful eating (raisin exercise), the body scan, mindful reminders (text alert)
- Yoga and dog therapy are other simple, cost-effective mechanisms that students can easily access while reaping many benefits.¹

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